AUDITED
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

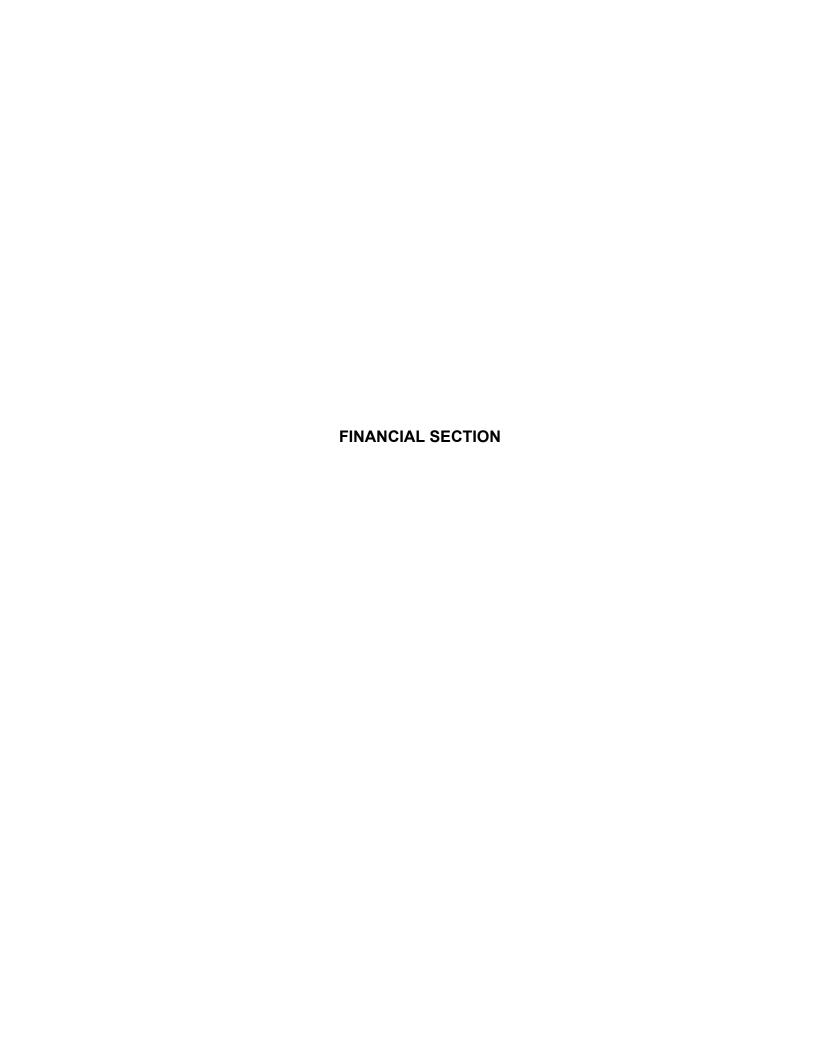
JUNE 30, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The President and Members of the Board of Education of West Irondequoit Central School District Rochester, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Irondequoit Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued, by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents; is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.
Batavia, New York
September 17, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis West Irondequoit Central School District Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020

This section of West Irondequoit Central School District's (the District) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the District decreased to (\$37,363,502). The net position of the District includes all of the governmental funds and the value of the District's land, buildings, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation) and long term obligations. At June 30, 2020 unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$109,321,462. Other components of net position were net investment in capital assets of \$60,859,668, net position restricted for capital projects of \$3,097,082 restricted for worker's compensation of \$420,571 restricted for unemployment insurance of \$267,880 restricted for pension liability for \$6,079,717 and restricted for tax certiorari for \$1,233,042.

Other issues of significance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 included:

- > The General Fund's (the primary operating fund) fund balance increased by \$1,657,463
- The governmental activities revenues increased by approximately \$2,373,656 (or 3.2%). The total cost of all the District's activities increased by approximately \$5,019,049 (or 6.6%).
- ➤ In 2018 the results of activities produced a deficit net position of \$29,935,553 while in 2019 the net position was a deficit of \$32,326,831.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- > The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.
- > The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.
- ut the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

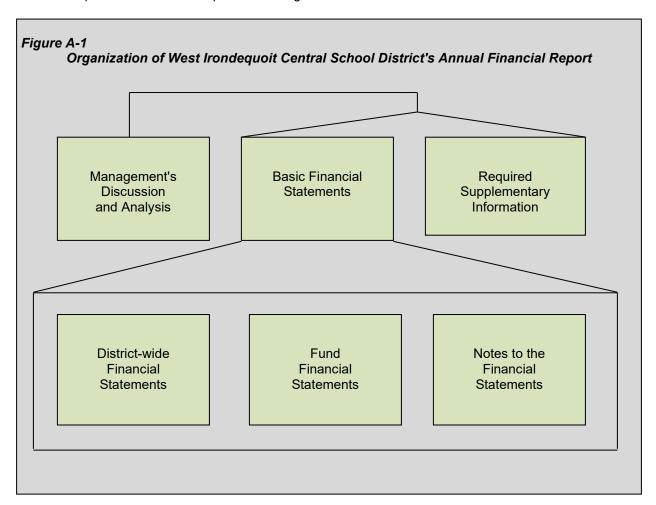


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Majo	r Features of the Dist	rict-wide and Fund Finan	ocial Statements								
		Fund Financial Statements									
	District-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds								
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies								
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Acitvities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Fund 								
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus								
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets and deferred outflows expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows, that come due during the year or soon thereafter; generally no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can								
Type of inflow/out-flow information	All revenues and expenditures during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid								

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- ➤ Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. In the current case however, the change in net position is due to the full adoption of GASB-75 rules regarding liabilities associated with retiree health care.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- > Some funds are required by state law.
- > The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Sovernmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information reported on the Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Overall, the District's financial picture remains positive. Due to the volatility of state aid, the District responsibly took a conservative approach to its budgeting. Fortunately, this resulted in favorable budget variances for both revenues and expenditures.

Also, the District monitored the budget tirelessly and attempted to reduce controllable expenses. Keeping an eye on the future, the District also positioned itself to "weather" a continuation of conservative economics through providing funds to offset future tax increases related to future capital expenditures. In addition, the District funds an Employees' Retirement Reserve from available fund balance to utilize in upcoming budgets, pay a portion of the required ERS contributions, and thereby making additional funds available to pay for full-day kindergarten personnel costs which began in 2018-19. Additionally the District established a TRS subfund to begin saving for future required TRS contributions. Finally, as the District has continued to maximize staffing efficiency resulting in limiting personnel costs increases through retirement breakage.

Areas of expense over which the District has little control will most likely dictate the future of this District's budget. Retirement costs and other employee benefits are likely to increase disproportionately, requiring added revenues or reduction in appropriations in other areas. However by maintaining membership in the local health care consortium, the District has been successful in minimizing annual health insurance increases over the long-term.

Figure A-3											
Condensed Statement of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)											
	Govern Activities and	Total Percentage Change									
	2020	2019	2019-2020								
Current and other assets Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation TRS pension asset Total assets	\$ 33,250	\$ 31,147	6.75%								
	7,473	3,076	142.95%								
	64,946	67,285	-3.48%								
	4,055	2,846	42.47%								
	109,723	104,354	5.15%								
Deferred outflow of resources - Pension Deferred outflow of resources - OPEB	16,289	16,044	1.52%								
	28,174	13,604	107.10%								
	44,463	29,648	49.97%								
Current liabilities Long term liabilities Total liabilities	9,862	6,271	57.27%								
	151,106	134,312	12.50%								
	160,968	140,583	14.50%								
Deferred inflow of resources - Pension Deferred inflow of resources - OPEB	5,729	4,243	35.03%								
	24,852	21,503	15.58%								
	30,581	25,746	18.78%								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	60,860	56,696	7.34%								
Capital projects Workers' compensation Retirement Tax certioari Unemployment insurance Unrestricted (deficit) Total net assets	3,097	3,066	1.01%								
	421	425	-1.04%								
	6,080	5,312	14.45%								
	1,233	1,362	-9.47%								
	268	280	-4.33%								
	(109,321)	(99,468)	9.91%								
	\$ (37,364)	\$ (32,327)	15.58%								

Figure A-4											
Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars)											
	Governi Activities and 2020		Total Percentage Change 2019-2020								
Revenues: Real property taxes Real property tax items Non-property tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Other miscellaneous revenues State and federal aid School lunch Total revenues	\$ 40,233 166 3,639 263 445 99 1,049 29,786 385 76,065	\$ 39,070 145 3,445 321 389 30 1,203 28,462 626 73,691	2.98% 14.23% 5.64% -18.06% 14.44% 230.86% -12.83% 4.65% -38.49%								
Expenses: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest School lunch Culture and recreation Depreciation Total expenses Changes in net positions	12,080 62,472 2,125 485 1,300 98 2,542 81,102 \$ (5,037)	11,452 57,000 3,043 579 1,351 93 2,566 76,084	5.48% 9.60% -30.17% -16.26% -3.80% 5.03% -0.92% 6.59%								

Governmental Activities

This section presents the cost of seven major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, debt service, culture and recreation and school lunch. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

The total cost and net cost of services related to debt service in 2019-20 continues to decrease steadily from 2018-19 due to benefits of prior refinancing of existing debt thereby lowering the debt service payment. Cost increases in the area of transportation via contractual bus service tied to CPI helped maintain moderate cost increases. In addition, an intermunicipal agreement for some bussing services with a neighboring district has yielded increased efficiencies through a shared service model. This resulted in an continued cost control of contractual transportation costs. However some of these cost containment measures were off-set by additional services required for students with disabilities. There was decrease in the cost of instruction that was driven by changes in our OPEB (post-retirement) actuarial analysis. Beyond those, cost increases due to contractual agreements as well as costs associated with the requisite hiring of teachers and support staff in order to successfully implement the programatic change contributed to the increase in net costs of services in the area of instruction and general support.

Of Services Change of Services Change 2020 2019 2019-2020 2020 2019 2019-2020 General support \$ 12,080 \$ 11,452 5.48% \$ 11,817 \$ 11,141 6.00 Instruction 62,472 57,000 9.60% 39,910 34,427 15.93 Pupil transportation 2,125 3,043 -30.17% 280 1,199 -76.6 Debt service - interest 485 579 -16.26% 485 579 -16.20 School lunch 1,300 1,351 -3.80% 167 31 437.73 Culture and recreation 98 93 5.03% 98 93 5.03	Figure A-5 Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)										
Z020 Z019 Z019-Z020 Z020 Z019 Z019-Z020 General support \$ 12,080 \$ 11,452 5.48% \$ 11,817 \$ 11,141 6.00 Instruction 62,472 57,000 9.60% 39,910 34,427 15.93 Pupil transportation 2,125 3,043 -30.17% 280 1,199 -76.66 Debt service - interest 485 579 -16.26% 485 579 -16.26 School lunch 1,300 1,351 -3.80% 167 31 437.73 Culture and recreation 98 93 5.03% 98 93 5.03										Percentage Change	
Instruction 62,472 57,000 9.60% 39,910 34,427 15.93 Pupil transportation 2,125 3,043 -30.17% 280 1,199 -76.63 Debt service - interest 485 579 -16.26% 485 579 -16.26 School lunch 1,300 1,351 -3.80% 167 31 437.75 Culture and recreation 98 93 5.03% 98 93 5.03		_		V1000			_			2019-2020	
Depreciation2,5422,5660.92%2,5422,5660.92	Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest School lunch	\$	62,472 2,125 485 1,300	\$	57,000 3,043 579 1,351	9.60% -30.17% -16.26% -3.80%	\$	39,910 280 485 167	34,427 1,199 579 31	6.07% 15.93% -76.61% -16.26% 437.75% 5.03% -0.92%	

Financial Analysis of The District's Funds

General Fund

Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund, resulting in an increase of fund balance of \$1,657,463 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Much of the increase in fund balance was tied to lowered costs associated with the 3/16/2020 state-wide closure of schools in response to the Covid-19 pandemic.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below with explainations for each.

- > Revenue
 - Nonproperty tax Despite the March state-wide closure there was a lag in the impact to sales tax revenues resulting in greater sales tax revenue than was anticipated.
 - ➤ Urban-suburban state aid Although not part of the state aid runs used in revenue projections for the year, the District's continued participation provides signifiant revenue to assist with the overall program.
 - Miscellanous revenue This is most tied to unanticipated refunds from the BOCES budget.

> Expenditures

- Curriculum, Instruction and Inservice Tighter budget controls, and maximization of grants that were reported in the special aid fund.
- ➤ Contracted Transportation The District continues to control costs through increases tied to a low CPI. In fiscal year 2019-2020, transportation costs were reduced due to the state-wide school closure order.
- ➤ Employee Benefits By participating in county-wide health and workers compensation consortiums, the District continues to keep cost increases well below the historical "community" average.

School Lunch Fund

The issue of net cost related to school lunch is related to approved state and federal aid, SED approved contract renewal percentages, menu pricing and student participation. Operations of the school lunch program for 2019-20 year ended with a deficit of \$130,663. Maintaining a break-even level represents a sucessful focus over several years to eliminate an annual operating deficit in the fund that, in the past, had occurred repeatedly. However, the loss of revenue coupled with the incease costs during the "remote" delivery of meals, promoted this Covid-related deficit. The two largest challenges this fund faces are changes in the rules governing the the charging of food being served to students ("lunch shaming") and therefore revenue as well as continued state required wage increase which impacts salary expenses. Our goal is to return to a break-even position moving forward.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital fund has some activity during 2018-19. \$100,000 was tied to a capital outlay project focused on safety and security at Irondequoit High School through selective replacment of interior doors. An additional \$4,397,239 was connected to expenses tied to the Renewal Project that occurs between July 2019 and December 2020.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A conservative approach to the budget process was again taken for the 2019-20 school year due to the volatility of the economy and the uncertainty of state aid revenue due to cut backs to reduce the NYS deficit. Cautious budget administration continued to be practiced to protect against revenue cuts by pulling back on certain expenditures and programs.

In addition, due to close and conservative monitoring of controllable expenses the District had the ability to control its reliance of reserve funds and fund balance. The District recognizes the need to continue to maintain minimal reduction in the reserves and reliance of fund balance as a revenue source and is looking to achieve a "steady-state" so that the change in fund balance in any fiscal year is approximately zero. By extending the "life" of these reserves the available reserves will assist with budgeting in future years and will assist in reducing the local share and providing taxpayer relief.

Figure A-6											
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Major Funds (in thousands of dollars)											
2020											
	R	evenues	Ехр	enditures	Fund	Balances					
General Fund	\$	72,570	\$	70,912	\$	19,002					
Special Aid Fund		2,114		2,114		-					
Capital Projects Fund		1,547		4,497		3,059					
		2019)								
	R	evenues	Exp	enditures	Fund	Balances					
General Fund	\$	70,003	\$	76,823	\$	17,344					
Special Aid Fund		2,062		2,062		-					
Capital Projects Fund		6,600		592		6,009					

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

There is an overall decrease in the valuation of the assets due to normal depreciation. Financing for the various competed projects continues to be paid through debt service with the consolidation of the debts ending in June 2027.

Figure A-7										
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (in thousands of dollars)										
			rnment tivities tal Dist	Percentage Change						
		2020	_	2019	2019-2020					
Land Construction in process Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Total	\$	2,485 4,988 64,409 536 72,419	\$	2,485 591 66,749 536 70,361	0.00% 743.78% -3.51% 0.01% 2.92%					

Long-Term Debt

In 2017, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 required the recording of a liability for current and future retirees and their spouses for post employment health insurance. As of June 30, 2020, the most recent actuarial valuation, the total actuarial accrued liability for post-employment benefits was \$119 million dollars.

Figure A-8		
	nnding Long-Term Debt housands of dollars)	
	Governmental Activities and Total District 2020 2019	Percentage Change 2019-2020
Serial bonds payable Pension - ERS Post employeement benefits	\$ 11,559 \$ 13,665 4,809 1,322 134,737 119,325 \$ 151,106 \$ 134,312	-15.41% 263.78% 12.92% 12.50%

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

- ➤ Challenges posed to local sources of revenue due to the continuation of the property tax cap. Due to the small growth of the economy and assessed property values in the District, the District continues to be limited in the amount of revenue it can generate locally.
- ▶ Impact on the tax rate due to the continued reduction of taxable assessments. Although the District continues to control costs to maintain one of the lowest per pupil, expenditure rates in the County, the tax rate remains high due to the lack of assessment growth in the Town.
- Use of reserves as a revenue to bridge the gap in state aid remains an imporant part of future budgeting strategies. The amount used will be closely monitored in order to ensure this strategy is sustainable.
- > Continued addition of unfunded federal and state mandates.
- > Continued increases in health care costs and retirement contributions well in excess of inflation.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, West Irondequoit Central School District, Rochester, New York.



WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,396,228
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	Ψ	14,723,674
Receivables		40,930
State and federal aid receivable		1,851,421
Due from other governments		2,119,723
Inventory		46,768
Prepaid items		1,071,043
Net pension asset		4,054,606
Capital assets not being depreciated		7,473,119
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		64,945,525
		- ,,-
Total assets	_	109,723,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension ouflows		16,288,645
Deferred postemployment outflows		28,174,168
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	44,462,813
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1,127,735
Accrued liabilities		1,026,045
Bond anticipation notes payable		3,625,382
Accrued interest payable		15,756
Due to retirement systems		2,932,088
Due to other governments		1,528
Due to fiduciary funds		1,064,932
Unearned revenue		68,911
Non-current liabilities:		
Due and payable within one year		2,190,873
Due and payable after one year		148,914,700
Total liabilities		160,967,950
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension inflows		5,729,274
Deferred postemployment inflows		24,852,128
Botoffed posternployment innows		24,002,120
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,581,402
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Net investment in capital assets		60,859,668
Restricted for:		, ,
Capital projects		3,097,082
Workers' compensation		420,571
Retirement contribution		6,079,717
Tax certiorari		1,233,042
Unemployment insurance		267,880
Unrestricted (deficit)		(109,321,462)
Total not position (definit)	Φ.	(27 262 502)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ <u></u>	(37,363,502)

				Indirect Cost		Progra Charges for	m l	Revenues Operating Grants and		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Allocation	-	Services		Contributions	_	Net Position
Governmental activities										
General support	\$	9,188,815	\$	2,891,285	\$	263,039	\$	-	\$	(11,817,061)
Instruction		39,803,194		22,668,916		-		22,562,382		(39,909,728)
Pupil transportation		2,050,848		74,060		-		1,844,508		(280,400)
Interest		484,853		-		-		-		(484,853)
School lunch		1,299,709		-		385,066		747,941		(166,702)
Culture and recreation		56,472		41,210		-		-		(97,682)
Unallocated employee benefits		25,675,471		(25,675,471)		-		-		-
Unallocated depreciation	_	2,542,353		-	-				-	(2,542,353)
Total governmental activities	\$ =	81,101,715	\$.	-	\$	648,105	\$	25,154,831		(55,298,779)
			Ger	neral revenues:						
			R	eal property taxe	es					40,233,316
			R	eal property tax	iten	ns				165,634
			Ν	on-property taxe	s					3,639,290
			U	se of money and	d pr	operty				445,179
			S	ale of property a	nd	compensation [·]	for	loss		99,257
							or a	a specific purpose)	4,630,719
			0	ther miscellaned					_	1,048,713
		Total general revenues and transfers								50,262,108
	Change in net position								(5,036,671)	
		Net position - beginning of year							-	(32,326,831)
			Net	position - end o	f ye	ear			\$_	(37,363,502)

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				•	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,947,850	\$ 48,832	\$	1,878,530	\$	1,521,016	\$	13,396,228
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	11,098,292	-		3,625,382		-		14,723,674
Receivables	33,972	6,414		-		544		40,930
Due from other funds	1,044,743	-		1,327,337		-		2,372,080
State and federal aid receivable	937,262	740,407		-		173,752		1,851,421
Due from other governments	2,119,723	-		-		-		2,119,723
Inventory	10,405	-		-		36,363		46,768
Prepaid items	 1,060,857	 -	_	-		10,186		1,071,043
Total assets	\$ 26,253,104	\$ 795,653	\$	6,831,249	\$_	1,741,861	\$_	35,621,867
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 951,434	\$ 4,148	\$	140,050	\$	32,103	\$	1,127,735
Accrued liabilities	985,742	1,433		-		38,870		1,026,045
Bond anticipation notes payable	-	-		3,625,382		-		3,625,382
Due to other funds	2,392,270	774,007		6,920		263,815		3,437,012
Due to retirement systems	2,915,903	-		-		16,185		2,932,088
Due to other governments	285	-		-		1,243		1,528
Unearned revenue	 5,841	 16,065		-	. <u>-</u>	47,005	. <u>-</u>	68,911
Total liabilities	 7,251,475	 795,653	_	3,772,352	. <u> </u>	399,221	. <u> </u>	12,218,701

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

		General		Special Aid		Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
FUND BALANCES							 	1	
Nonspendable		1,071,262		-		-	46,549		1,117,811
Restricted		11,098,292		-		-	-		11,098,292
Assigned		3,814,472		-		3,058,897	1,296,091		8,169,460
Unassigned		3,017,603		-		-	 -		3,017,603
Total fund balances		19,001,629		-		3,058,897	 1,342,640		23,403,166
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	26,253,104	\$	795,653	\$	6,831,249	\$ 1,741,861		
Amounts reported for governmental activi	ties in the St	tatement of Net P	osition (p	age 14) are diffe	rent be	ecause:			
Capital assets used in governmental acreported in the funds, net of accumula			ces and	therefore are no					72,418,644
Long-term liabilities and assets are not on the funds:	due and pay	able in the curren	t period a	and therefore are	not re	ported in			
Serial bonds payable									(11,465,000)
Unamortized premium									(93,976)
Total postemployment liability									(134,737,343)
Net pension asset/(liabilities)									(754,648)
Deferred outflows and inflows are not as are not reported in the funds:	ssets or liabi	ilities of the currer	nt period	and therefore					
Net postemployment deferred outflo	ows and inflo	ows of resources							3,322,040
Net pension deferred outflows and									10,559,371
Interest is accrued and reported in the during fund basis Balance Sheet because it									(15,756)
Net position of governmental activit	ies						9	S	(37,363,502)

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General	 Special Aid	 Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$	40,233,316	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$	40,233,316
Real property tax items		165,634	-	-	-		165,634
Nonproperty taxes		3,639,290	-	-	-		3,639,290
Charges for services		263,039	-	-	-		263,039
Use of money and property		443,582	-	-	1,597		445,179
Sale of property and compensation for loss		99,257	-	-	-		99,257
Miscellaneous local sources		592,629	24,330	-	415,246		1,032,205
State sources		26,970,645	656,858	-	24,657		27,652,160
Federal sources		161,674	1,248,432	-	723,284		2,133,390
School lunch		-	-	-	385,066		385,066
Total revenues		72,569,066	1,929,620		1,549,850	_	76,048,536
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General support		9,292,170	-	-	-		9,292,170
Instruction		37,275,413	1,975,674	-	437,195		39,688,282
Pupil transportation		1,968,508	82,340	-	-		2,050,848
School lunch		-	-	-	1,128,515		1,128,515
Culture and recreation		56,472	-	-	-		56,472
Employee benefits		17,963,956	56,274	-	229,832		18,250,062
Debt service:							
Principal		2,100,000	-	-	-		2,100,000
Interest		501,249	-	-	-		501,249
Capital Oulay:							
General support		-	-	3,520,654	-		3,520,654
Instruction		-	-	976,585	-		976,585
Total expenditures		69,157,768	2,114,288	4,497,239	1,795,542		77,564,837

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

	 General	Special Aid	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	3,411,298	(184,668)	(4,497,239)	(245,692)	(1,516,301)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Premium on BAN issuance Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	 - - (1,753,835)	- 184,668 -	1,547,338 	16,508 21,829 -	16,508 1,753,835 (1,753,835)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,753,835)	184,668	1,547,338	38,337	16,508
Net change in fund balances	1,657,463	-	(2,949,901)	(207,355)	(1,499,793)
Fund balances - beginning	 17,344,166	<u>-</u>	6,008,798	1,549,995	24,902,959
Fund balances - ending	\$ 19,001,629 \$	\$	3,058,897 \$	1,342,640	\$23,403,166

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 15) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 19)	\$	(1,499,793)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$2,542,353) exceeded total capital outlays (\$4,600,594) excluding construction in process placed in service (\$100,000) in the current period.		2,058,241
The governmental funds report bond proceeds and other long-term debt as an other financing source, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences and the treatment of these differences is as follows:		
Repayment of serial bonds Amortization of debt premium Interest expense		2,100,000 5,873 10,523
Change in proportionate share of net pension asset/(liability) and OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Net Position does not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Net pension - proportionate share - TRS Net pension - proportionate share - ERS Total OPEB liability		1,208,431 (3,487,240) (15,412,218)
Change in proportionate share of net pension and postemployment deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Net Position during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	I	
Net pension - proportionate share - TRS Net pension - proportionate share - ERS Total OPEB liability	_	(3,825,861) 2,584,606 11,220,767
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ _	(5,036,671)

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Private Purpose Trust		Agency
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	226,711	\$	117,771
Receivables		-		370
Due from other funds	-			1,064,932
Total assets	-	226,711	\$	1,183,073
LIABILITIES				
Agency liabilities		-	\$	1,065,304
Extraclassroom activity balances	-	-	-	117,769
Total liabilities	-	-	\$	1,183,073
NET POSITION				
Restricted	\$ _	226,711		

WEST IRONDQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS Interest	\$117_
Total additions	117
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships	8,980_
Total deductions	8,980
Change in net position	(8,863)
Net position - beginning	235,574
Net position - ending	\$ <u>226,711</u>



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of West Irondequoit Central School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District is governed by the Education Law and other laws of the State of New York. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and are primarily accountable for all fiscal matters.

The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise District operations and are governed by, or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education. Essentially, the primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance, and plant maintenance support the primary function. The financial reporting entity includes all funds, account groups, functions and organizations over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. INCLUDED IN THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students within the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to financial transactions and designation of student management. Separate audited financial statement (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found in the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in the Agency Fund of the District.

2. JOINT VENTURE

The District is a component school district of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES is organized under Section 1950 of NYS Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law Section 1950 (4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District was billed \$6,877,743 for BOCES administrative and program costs. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 41 O'Connor Road, Fairport, New York 14450.

The BOCES has initiated a capital project. The District will be billed annually for their proportionate share of the cost of the capital project as part of their BOCES administrative costs. The total cost to the District is expected to be \$1,827,338.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

While separate district-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through property taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include specific operating and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds received from Federal and State grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that are the property of others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources are not the property of the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits from these trust arrangements.

<u>Agency Funds</u>: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement or results of operations. Assets are held by the District as an agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholdings.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the district-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the district-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources or economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is appropriated by the State. Revenue from grants and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property taxes, which the period of availability is sixty days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and sales taxes associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current year. Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1. Taxes are collected during the period of September through November. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Monroe, in which the District is located. Uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement are paid by the County to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within one year of year end).

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within one year of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilized the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

D. <u>ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE</u>

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

2. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are classified on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position as restricted because their use is limited. Donations to be used towards scholarships in the Private Purpose Trust Fund and funds supporting extraclassroom activities in the Agency Fund are restricted specifically for those purposes. Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Amounts to support fund balance restrictions are also reported as restricted.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are carried at their net realizable value. Receivables are written-off as uncollectible after the likelihood of payment is considered remote by management. Generally accepted accounting principles require the establishment of an allowance for uncollectible receivables, however, no allowance for uncollectible receivables has been provided since management believes that such allowance would not be material.

4. INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund and school store are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial.

These assets are classified as nonspendable to signify that portion of fund balance that is not in a spendable form.

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with inter-fund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for inter-fund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all inter-fund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental funds report all inter-fund transactions as originally recorded. Inter-fund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts as a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 3.I for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for inter-fund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property and equipment are reported in the district-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 2004. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2004, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received. As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life.

Land and construction in process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$ 50,000	straight-line	40 years
Building improvements	50,000	straight-line	40 years
Site improvements	50,000	straight-line	15 years
Vehicles	25,000	straight-line	10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	straight-line	5 years

7. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. It represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension (asset)/liability, the difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportional share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense and any contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See details of deferred pension outflows in Note 3.E. The second item is related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience. See details of deferred OPEB outflows in Note 3.F.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. It represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension (asset)/liability and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportional share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. See details of deferred pension inflows in Note 3.E.

The second item is related to OPEB, reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the net effect of the changes of assumptions or other inputs. See details of deferred OPEB other postemployment benefits inflows in Note 3.F.

8. UNEARNED REVENUE

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant funds are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

9. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in full from current financial resources.

Claims and judgments, as well as, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Premiums received upon the issuance of debt are included as other financing sources in the governmental fund statements when issued. In the district-wide statements, premiums are recognized with the related debt issue and amortized on a straight-line basis as a component of interest expense over the life of the related obligation.

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS/OTHER BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. The obligation of the District and its retirees to contribute to the cost of providing these benefits has been established pursuant to Board resolution and various collective bargaining agreements. The District does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions to pay OPEB benefits. Payments are budgeted annually without accrual and are based on the pay-as-you go method (see Note 3.F).

11. SHORT TERM DEBT

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN) in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date, if not completely repaid. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

12. NET POSITION FLOW ASSUMPTION

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the district-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

13. FUND BALANCE FLOW ASSUMPTIONS

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the District's fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy that the District Board of Education will assess the current financial condition of the District and then determines the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classifications will be charged.

14. FUND BALANCE POLICIES

Fund balance of the District's funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Assistant Superintendent for Finance to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

F. PROGRAM REVENUES

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to tax payers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

G. <u>USE OF ESTIMATES IN PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The District has evaluated the provisions of GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements and Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61 and determined that they have no significant impact on the District's financial statements.

The following are GASB Statements that have been issued recently and are currently being evaluated, by the District, for their potential impact in future years.

- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.
- Statement No. 87, Leases, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2022
- Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

On May 8, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates of GASB Statements not yet implemented by the District have been updated above to reflect the impact of this Statement.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. LEGAL COMPLIANCE BUDGETS

BUDGET POLICIES

The District's administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund. The proposed appropriation budget is then approved by the voters within the District. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year, a budget transfer from general fund in the amount of \$120,000 for emergency electric repairs.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

B. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2020, the School Lunch Fund, a nonmajor fund, had a deficit fund balance of \$83,111. The deficit is the result of an operating deficit due to the COVID-19 pandemic and a decrease in sales revenue. This deficit will be eliminated through anticipated fiscal year 2020/2021 operating surpluses.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District funds must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include demand accounts and certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of New York State and its municipalities and school districts, and obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The District's aggregate bank balances were fully collateralized at June 30, 2020.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute or contract to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end includes \$11,098,292 in the General fund restricted for certain revenue funds, \$3,625,382 within the Capital Fund restricted for unspent bond anticipation note proceeds, \$117,771 within the Agency Fund restricted for extraclassroom activities, and \$226,771 in the Private Purpose Trust Fund restricted for scholarships.

Investment and Deposit Policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Assistant Superintendent for Finance of the District.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u>

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts.
- Certificates of deposit.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations of New York State and its localities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 102% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities.
- Obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

B. RECEIVABLES

State and federal aid receivable, consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

General Fund		
State aid - excess cost aid	\$	937,262
Special Aid Fund		
State awards		460,417
Federal awards		279,990
Total		740,407
School Lunch Fund		
State awards		4,793
Federal awards		168,959
Total		173,752
	-	
Total state and federal aid receivable	\$	1,851,421
	· -	.,,
Due from other governments, consist of the following at Ju	ne 30, 2020	•
Due nom called governmente, contact of the following at our	10 00, 2020	•
General Fund		
State aid - BOCES aid	\$	1,444,723
Sales tax	•	675,000
Total due from other governments	\$	2,119,723
3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, -,

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Balance 07/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/20
Capital assets not being depreciated:	01701710	morodoco		00/00/20
Land	\$ 2,484,678	\$ -	\$ - \$	2,484,678
Construction work in progress	591,202	4,497,239	100,000	4,988,441
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,075,880	4,497,239	100,000	7,473,119
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	102,929,071	100,000	-	103,029,071
Vehicles & equipment	2,075,400	103,355	24,877	2,153,878
Total capital assets, being depreciated	105,004,471	203,355	24,877	105,182,949
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	36,179,854	2,440,061	-	38,619,915
Vehicles & equipment	1,540,094	102,292	24,877	1,617,509
Total accumulated depreciation	37,719,948	2,542,353	24,877	40,237,424
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	67,284,523	(2,338,998)	<u> </u>	64,945,525
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$70,360,403	\$ 2,158,241	\$ 100,000 \$	72,418,644

Depreciation has not been allocated to the individual functions of the District operation as no allocation methodology has been established.

D. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities reported by the District at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	General
	 Fund
Salary and employee benefits	\$ 372,518
Accrued vacation	 613,224
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 985,742

E. PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

Provisions and Administration

The TRS System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable, and investments are recognized at fair value. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable, and investments are recognized at fair value. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. That report, including information with regard benefits provided, may be found to www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31st.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following amount for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability for each of the Systems. The net pension (asset)/liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, for TRS and March 31, 2020, for ERS. The total pension amount used to calculate the net pension (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 for TRS and April 1, 2019 for ERS. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>TRS</u>		<u>ERS</u>
Measurement date	June 30, 2019	Ma	rch 31, 2020
Net pension (asset)/liability	\$ (4,054,606)	\$	4,809,254
District's portion of the Plan's total			
net pension liability	0.156066%		0.018161%
Change in proportion since			
the prior measurement date	-0.001332		-0.000498
Pension expense at June 30, 2020	\$ 4,980,102	\$	1,705,897

At June 30, 2020, the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions arose from the following sources:

	Deferred Ouflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	_	<u>TRS</u>		<u>ERS</u>	_	<u>TRS</u>		<u>ERS</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,747,703	\$	283,044	\$	301,508	\$	-
Change of assumptions		7,659,693		96,836		1,867,650		83,616
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,465,457		3,251,585		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		98,408		236,594		174,069		50,846
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,471,235	_	229,675	_	-	. <u>-</u>	
Total	\$_	12,977,039	\$_	3,311,606	\$_	5,594,812	\$	134,462

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension (asset)/liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	TRS	ERS
Year ended:	·	
2021	\$ 1,800,245	\$ 536,809
2022	82,279	754,804
2023	1,793,597	922,881
2024	1,201,306	732,975
2025	152,268	-
Thereafter	(118,703)	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Measurement date	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018	April 1, 2019
Interest rate	7.10%	6.80%
Salary scale	1.90% - 4.72%	4.20%
Inflation rate	2.20%	2.50%
Cost of living adjustments	1.30%	1.30%

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2018. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized on next page:

	Target Allo	ocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Measurement Date			June 30, 2019	March 31, 2020		
	TRS	ERS	TRS	ERS		
Asset Class:						
Domestic equity	33.0 %	36.0 %	6.3 %	4.0 %		
International equity	16.0	14.0	7.8	6.2		
Private equity	8.0	10.0	9.9	6.8		
Real estate	11.0	10.0	4.6	5.0		
Global equities	4.0	-	7.2	-		
Absolute return strategies	-	2.0	-	3.3		
Opportunistic portfolio	-	3.0	-	4.7		
Real estate debt	7.0	-	2.9	-		
Real assets	-	3.0	-	6.0		
Bond and mortgages	-	17.0	-	8.0		
Cash/short term	1.0	1.0	0.3	-		
Inflation-indexed bonds	-	4.0	-	0.5		
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0	-	1.3	-		
Global fixed income securities	2.0	-	0.9	-		
Private debt	1.0	-	6.5	-		
High yield income securities	1.0	-	3.6	-		
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %				

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following tables present the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.10% for TRS and 5.80% for ERS) or 1-percentage point higher (8.10% for TRS and 7.80% for ERS) than the current rate:

TRS	_	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Assumption (7.10%)	_	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	\$	18,302,068	\$ (4,054,606)	\$	(22,809,332)
ERS	_	1% Decrease (5.80%)	 Current Assumption (6.80%)	_	1% Increase (7.80%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	\$	8,826,338	\$ 4,809,254	\$	1,109,502

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension (asset)/liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)

		(Dollars III Tribusarius)		
	_	TRS		ERS
Measurement date	_	June 30, 2019	٠	March 31, 2020
Employers' total pension liability	\$	119,879,474	\$	194,596,261
Plan net position		122,477,481		168,115,682
Employers' net pension (asset)/ liability	\$	(2,598,007)	\$	26,480,579
Ratio of plan net position to the	-		•	
employers' total pension (asset)/liability		102.2%		86.4%

Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$2,702,414.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020, through June 30, 2020, based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$229,674.

F. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The West Irondequoit Central School District administers the West Irondequoit Central School District Retiree Medical, Prescription Vision and Dental Plan (the Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB). The Plan provides for continuation of medical, prescription vision and dental benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the District subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The Plan does not issue a standalone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

Funding Policy

The obligations of the Plan members, employers and other entities are established by action of the District pursuant to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The required contribution rates of the employer and the members vary depending on the applicable agreement.

The employer currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. The costs of administering the Plan are paid by the District.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees, not eligible to retire	494
Active employees, eligible to retire	72
Retired employees and surviving spouses currently receiving benefit payments	490
Total	1,056

The District's total OPEB liability of \$134,737,343 was measured as of March 31, 2019, using updated procedures to roll forward the total OPEB actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.20%
Salary Increases	3.22%, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	2.48%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.20% as of 2020, with an ultimate
	rate of 4.18% for 2071 and later years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of future retirees eligible for an employer
	subsidy.

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Mutual General Obligation AA 20-year Bond rate as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, Headcount-Weighted, distinct for Teachers, General and Safety, without separate Contingent Survivor mortality, fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

Retirement and termination assumptions reflect general published tables based on large-scale retirement plan population data. The plan's estimated termination and retirement experience is then analyzed, and the base table is adjusted accordingly as necessary. No formal experience study is prepared for this plan.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 119,325,125
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	3,671,609
Interest	4,122,107
Changes of benefit terms	6,579
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(10,272,216)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	21,052,182
Benefit payments	 (3,168,043)
Net changes	15,412,218
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 134,737,343

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.44 percent in 2019 to 2.48 percent in 2020 and changes in the Salary scale from 3.36 percent in 2019 to 3.22 percent in 2020, and changes in the ultimate healthcare cost trend from 4.32 percent in 2019 to 4.18 percent in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following present the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.48 %) or 1 percentage point higher (3.48%) than the current discount rate.

	-	1% Decrease (1.48%)	•	Discount Rate (2.48%)	 1% Increase (3.48%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	161,046,652	\$	134,737,343	\$ 114,232,648

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.20%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.20%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

				Healthcare		
		1% Decrease (4.20%		Cost Trend Rates (5.20%		1% Increase (6.20%
	-	decreasing to 3.18%)	_	decreasing to 4.18%)	_	decreasing to 5.18%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	111,048,810	\$_	134,737,343	\$_	166,108,582

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,269,194. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and	_		
actual experience	\$	9,299,984	\$ 19,972,705
Changes of assumptions		18,084,343	4,879,423
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		789,841	-
Total	\$ _	28,174,168	\$ 24,852,128

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Amoun	<u>t</u>
2021	\$ (531)	,101)
2022	(790	,534)
2023	(576	,723)
2024	2,250	,781
2025	454	,119
Thereafter	1,725	657

G. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

The purpose of all of the short-time borrowings was to provide resources for various capital improvement projects. The form of financing used in all cases was bond anticipation notes (BAN). The amounts issued are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance						Balance
	 7/1/2019		Issued		Redeemed	_	6/30/2020
BAN maturing 8/14/19 at 2.25%	\$ -	\$	3,625,382	\$	-	\$	3,625,382

H. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

1. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

2. SERIAL BONDS

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the District. The provisions will be in the General Fund's future budgets for capital indebtedness.

The following is a summary of maturities of indebtedness:

<u>Description</u>	Original Issue Date	Original Borrowing	Final Maturity	Interest Rates to Maturity	Outstanding Balance 6/30/2020
Governmental activities					
Serial bonds	7/23/2002	\$ 2,050,000	4/15/2027	\$ 2.50-5.00%	305,000
Pool Excel Project	6/22/2009	2,892,487	6/15/2024	2.50-4.00%	930,000
Refunding	12/29/2010	27,455,000	6/15/2025	2.00-5.00%	5,740,000
Promise Project	6/27/2016	5,610,000	6/15/2036	2.32%	4,490,000
					\$ 11,465,000

3. OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In addition to the above long-term debt, the District had a non-current liability for pensions (Note 3.E) and other postemployment benefits (See Note 3.F.).

4. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

		Balance 7/1/2019		Additions		Reductions		Balance 6/30/2020		Due Within One Year
Government activities:	-		_		_		-		_	
Bonds Payable:										
Serial Bonds	\$	13,565,000	\$	-	\$	2,100,000	\$	11,465,000	\$	2,185,000
Unamortized premium		99,849		-		5,873		93,976		5,873
Total bonds payable		13,664,849		-		2,105,873		11,558,976		2,190,873
Other liabilites:										
Net pension liabilities										
(ERS) - proportionate share		1,322,014		3,487,240		-		4,809,254		-
Total OPEB liability	-	119,325,125	_	28,852,477	_	13,440,259	-	134,737,343	_	
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	134,311,988	\$_	32,339,717	\$_	15,546,132	\$	151,105,573	\$_	2,190,873

^{**}Addition/reductions to net pension liability are shown net.

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences and postemployment benefit obligations. Payment of retirement contributions are typically from the funds in which the individuals are employed. Those operating funds include the General, Special Aid and School Lunch Funds.

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for the District's serial bonds:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Premium
2021	 2,185,000	406,300	5,873
2022	2,285,000	307,350	5,873
2023	2,355,000	221,150	5,873
2024	1,130,000	132,250	5,873
2025	345,000	92,400	5,873
2026-2030	1,720,000	339,950	29,367
2031-2035	1,205,000	141,300	29,367
2036	 240,000	 7,200	 5,877
Total	\$ 11,465,000	\$ 1,647,900	\$ 93,976

I. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund activity at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

		Interfund		Interfund		Interfund		Interfund
		Receivables		Payables		Revenues		Expenditures
General Fund	\$	1,044,743	\$	2,392,270	\$	-	\$	1,753,835
Capital Projects Fund		1,327,337		6,920		1,547,338		-
Special Aid Fund		-		774,007		184,668		-
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund		-		38,671		-		-
School Lunch Fund		-		225,144		21,829		-
Agency Fund	_	1,064,932	_	-	_	-	_	-
Total	\$	3,437,012	\$_	3,437,012	\$	1,753,835	\$	1,753,835

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund receivables and payables were incurred primarily due to salaries paid by General Fund on behalf of the Special Aid Fund, amounts due to the Capital Projects Fund from General Fund for the BOCES capital project and amounts due to the Trust and Agency Fund from the General Fund to fund HRA benefits. The majority of the interfund revenues and expenses were transfers from the General Fund to fund the Renewal and BOCES Capital Projects, School Lunch Fund for uncollectable student balances, and Special Aid Fund for the local share of summer school handicap program costs.

J. <u>NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE</u>

1. NET POSITION

The district-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and debt used to fund capital asset purchases reduce the balance in this category.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position is consistent with restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

2. FUND BALANCE

In the governmental fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balances maintained by District at June 30, 2020, include:

- *Prepaid items* represents miscellaneous items that are applicable to future accounting periods. This balance is nonspendable as the asset does not represent an available resource.
- *Inventory* represents nonspendable inventory in the school lunch fund and school store.

<u>Restricted</u> – represents amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources and are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Reserve for capital projects represents funds to be used for construction, reconstruction and/or acquisition of capital improvements and equipment
- Reserve for tax certiorari claims represents funds set aside for tax certiorari claims
- Reserve for workers' compensation represents funds to be used to pay workers' compensation claims
- Reserve for unemployment claims represents funds to be used to pay unemployment claims
- Reserve for retirement contributions represents funds to be used to pay contributions to the TRS and ERS retirement systems

<u>Committed</u> – represents amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education. As of June 30, 2020, the Board had no committed fund balances.

<u>Assigned</u> – represents amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for the specified purposes noted below, but are neither restricted nor committed.

- Assigned for subsequent years' expenditure Represents available fund balance being appropriated to meet expenditure requirements in the 2021 fiscal year.
- Assigned for specific use Represents fund balance within the special revenue funds that are
 assigned for a specific purpose. The assignment's purpose related to each fund's operations and
 represents amounts within funds that are not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents all amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

As of June 30, 2020, fund balances were classified as follows:

		General		Capital Projects	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable	-	Conorai	_	1 10,000	 r dirido	 10101
Inventory	\$	10,405	\$	-	\$ 36,363	\$ 46,768
Prepaid items		1,060,857		-	10,186	1,071,043
Restricted:						
Capital		3,097,082		-	-	3,097,082
Retirement contribution		6,079,717		-	-	6,079,717
Tax certiorari		1,233,042		-	-	1,233,042
Unemployment insurance		267,880		-	-	267,880
Workers' compensation		420,571		-	-	420,571

		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Funds		Total
Assigned:	-		_		_		_	
Subsequent years'								
expenditures		2,666,300		-		-		2,666,300
Debt service		-		-		845,493		845,493
Capital		-		3,058,897		-		3,058,897
Miscellaneous Special Aid		-		-		581,058		581,058
Encumbrances:								
General support		400,685		-		-		400,685
Instruction		747,487		-		-		747,487
<u>Unassigned:</u>								
General Fund		3,017,603		-		-		3,017,603
School Lunch Fund	_	-	_	-	_	(130,460)		(130,460)
Total	\$	19,001,629	\$	3,058,897	\$	1,342,640	\$	23,403,166

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. GENERAL

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, personal injury liability, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Settled claims from these risks has not yet exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

B. WORKERS' COMPENSATION PLAN

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of nineteen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$372,598.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019, indicated that the Plan was fully funded.

C. HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plans may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plans may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plans' year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plans assets and claim liabilities.

Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plans are a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of the fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

PLAN I

This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District and BOCES bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019, indicated that the Plan was fully funded.

PLAN II

This Plan's members include eighteen districts with the BOCES bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities. The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law In 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2019.

The Plan arrangement includes a pooling point to limit its exposure. The pooling point provides additional protection in the form of an experience credit in the subsequent year.

The insurer will determine whether there is a deficit or a surplus for the Plan year. If a deficit occurs in a Plan year, the Insurer will fund payment of the deficit. If there is a surplus in the Plan year, the surplus may not be applied to off-set a deficit in a subsequent Plan year or Plan years. If a surplus occurs in a Plan year that follows the year in which a deficit occurred, the surplus may be applied to fund the deficit.

Any medical claims expenses that are not paid by the Insurer (either with Plan money representing the net premium or with the Insurer's money if a deficit occurred) during the term of the agreement with the insurer, will be the financial responsibility of the Plan. If the Insurer is processing medical claims expenses during part or all of the 12-month period referred to above, it will pay those medical claims expenses provided that the Plan provides adequate funding for the medical claims expenses.

The administrative services that will be provided by the Insurer during the 12-month period referred to above will be provided for an additional charge determined by first dividing the Insurer administrative fee paid in the last Plan year by the total of the medical claims expenses paid during the last Plan year to determine an administrative cost percentage (the "Admin Percentage"). Then, for each medical claims expense paid during the subsequent 12-month period, the Plan will pay the Insurer an additional charge determined by multiplying the amount of the medical claims expense by the admin percentage.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019, indicated that the Plan was fully funded.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. CONTINGENCIES

GRANT AWARDS

The District participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

2. LITIGATION

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

3. OTHER

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include forced closures for certain types of public places, including public schools. The District's administration has assessed these events and the impact of these restrictions and closures related to the District's operations. The District's administration believes that state aid will be lower in 2021 than anticipated in the adopted 2020/2021 budget. The District's administration has assessed the financial condition and the potential impact on revenues and has determined that the District has assets and fund balances to absorb this potential decrease in revenues for 2020/2021.

B. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were \$1,148,172 recorded in the General Fund.

C. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. Outstanding construction commitments are estimated at \$4,304,351.

The District has entered into a joint agreement with Monroe BOCES and its ten component school districts for the construction of improvements to various BOCES school facilities, pursuant to section 1950 of education law. The District's portion of total capital project costs is \$1,827,338. This will be paid in three installments between 2020 and 2022.

NOTE 6 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency created by Chapter 55 of the Laws of 1972 of the State of New York pursuant to Title I of Article 18-A of General Municipal Law of the State of New York (collectively "the Act"), has four real property tax abatement agreements with various businesses in the District under Section 412-a of the New York State Real Property Tax Law and Section 874 of the Act for the purpose of economic development in the District.

Generally, these agreements provide for a 100 percent abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) based on the requirements noted in said individual agreements. Should the property owner not comply with the policies and laws as set forth in each agreement, the PILOT will discontinue as outlined in each agreement.

As a result of these tax abatement agreements, for the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's total tax revenues were reduced by \$24,596.

Copies of the agreements may be obtained from the West Irondequoit Central School District, 321 List Avenue, Rochester, NY 14617.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 17, 2020, which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.







WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Current Year's Revenues		Over (Under) Amended Budget
REVENUES	_		_	•	-		•	
Local sources:								
Real property taxes	\$	40,242,914	\$	40,242,914	\$	40,233,316	\$	(9,598)
Real property tax items		165,148		165,148		165,634		486
Nonproperty taxes		3,300,000		3,300,000		3,639,290		339,290
Charges for services		169,852		169,852		263,039		93,187
Use of money and property		293,296		293,296		443,582		150,286
Sale of property and compensation for loss		-		-		99,257		99,257
Miscellaneous local sources		350,000		350,000		592,629		242,629
State sources:								
Basic formula		23,066,916		23,066,916		23,433,637		366,721
BOCES		3,290,005		3,290,005		3,147,074		(142,931)
Other		371,094		371,094		389,934		18,840
Federal sources	_	180,000	_	180,000	_	161,674		(18,326)
Total revenues		71,429,225		71,429,225		72,569,066		1,139,841
Other financing sources:								
Appropriated fund balance	_	2,939,040	_	3,690,160	_			(3,690,160)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$_	74,368,265	\$_	75,119,385	\$_	72,569,066	\$	(2,550,319)

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

		ginal dget		Amended Budget		Current Year's Expenditures		Encumbrances		Unencumbered Balances
EXPENDITURES			_		-				_	
General support:										
Board of education	\$	69,731	\$	72,807	\$	64,625	\$	-	\$	8,182
Central administration		286,006		334,932		327,548		-		7,384
Finance		654,977		789,728		723,410		21,842		44,476
Staff		594,352		637,359		567,192		-		70,167
Central services	7	,288,538		7,509,599		6,642,920		378,843		487,836
Special items		985,576		1,005,186		966,475		-		38,711
Instruction:										
Instruction, administration and improvements	2	,876,012		2,999,266		2,732,044		62,500		204,722
Teaching - regular school	17	,956,255		18,042,667		17,724,600		44,238		273,829
Programs for children with handicaps	10	,890,405		10,528,837		9,924,871		27,049		576,917
Instructional media	2	,967,246		3,212,503		2,502,080		579,715		130,708
Pupil services	4	,706,122		4,835,930		4,391,818		33,985		410,127
Pupil transportation	3	,071,428		2,130,187		1,968,508		-		161,679
Culture and recreation		60,760		60,760		56,472		-		4,288
Employee benefits	19	,129,607		18,604,539		17,963,956		-		640,583
Debt service - principal	2	,100,000		2,100,000		2,100,000		-		-
Debt service interest		501,250		501,250		501,249			_	1
Total expenditures	74	,138,265		73,365,550		69,157,768		1,148,172		3,059,610
Other financing uses:										
Interfund transfers out		230,000	_	1,753,835		1,753,835			_	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 74	,368,265	\$_	75,119,385		70,911,603	\$	1,148,172	\$_	3,059,610
Net change in fund balance					\$	1,657,463	_			

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITYEMPLOYEES' AND TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Year Ended June 30,											
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)												
Measurement date		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018		lune 30, 2019
District's proportion of the net pension (asset) liability		0.152321%		0.152598%		0.155398%		0.157104%		0.157398%		0.156066%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	\$_	(16,967,660)	\$_	(15,850,017)	\$_	1,664,374	\$_	(1,194,146)	\$_	(2,846,175)	\$	(4,054,606)
District's covered payroll	\$	23,303,844	\$	22,922,213	\$	25,007,462	\$	25,948,020	\$	26,642,741	\$	27,101,535
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		-72.8%		-69.1%		6.7%		-4.6%		-10.7%		-15.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension (asset)/liability		-111.5%		-110.5%		99.1%		-100.7%		-101.5%		-102.2%
Employees' Retirement System (ERS)												
Measurement date	I	March 31, 2015		March 31, 2016		March 31, 2017		March 31, 2018	N	March 31, 2019	M	larch 31, 2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.021352%		0.019903%		0.018801%		0.019185%		0.018659%		0.018161%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	721,332	\$_	3,194,409	\$_	1,766,605	\$_	619,175	\$_	1,322,014	\$_	4,809,254
District's covered payroll	\$	5,516,910	\$	5,582,893	\$	6,053,728	\$	5,857,655	\$	5,918,380	\$	5,901,388
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		13.1%		57.2%		29.2%		10.6%		22.3%		81.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.9%		90.7%		94.7%		98.2%		96.3%		0.0%

^{*} This Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - EMPLOYEES' AND TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

					RETIREMENT SYS						
	_	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,099,656 \$	2,266,559 \$	2,834,562 \$	3,786,875 \$	4,018,264 \$	3,179,672 \$	3,041,108 \$	2,610,962 \$	2,777,174 \$	2,358,574
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		2,099,656	2,266,559	2,834,562	3,786,875	4,018,264	3,179,672	3,041,108	2,610,962	2,777,174	2,358,574
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	\$	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
District's covered payroll		23,377,701	23,410,651	23,970,534	23,303,844	22,922,213	25,007,462	25,948,020	26,642,741	27,101,535	27,892,051
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Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9%	10%	12%	16%	18%	13%	12%	10%	10%	8%
				EMDI	OYEES' RETIREN	IENT OVOTEM					
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	-	2011	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011	2010	2010	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	809,350 \$	928,312 \$	1,249,264 \$	1,219,575 \$	979,432 \$	849,137 \$	853,422 \$	882,426 \$	885,111 \$	789,731
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	809,350	928,312	1,249,264	1,219,575	979,432	849,137	853,422	882,426	885,111	789,731
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	\$	\$_	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$_	\$_	\$_	_
District's covered payroll		6,263,503	6,197,722	6,163,763	5,850,150	5,748,437	5,434,089	5,556,457	5,839,407	6,259,986	6,524,477
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13%	15%	20%	21%	17%	16%	15%	15%	14%	12%

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB RELATED LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Measurement Date	-	2017 April 1		2018 April 1	-	2019 April 1	-	2020 April 1
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	2,681,262	\$	2,894,185	\$	3,249,341	\$	3,671,609
Interest		3,212,397		3,994,406		4,816,337		4,122,107
Changes in benefit terms		-		20,512,904		752,245		6,579
Differences between expected and actual experience		12,910,071		1,173,088		(20,298,058)		(10,272,216)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(7,097,343)		2,891,414		638,058		21,052,182
Benefit payments	-	(2,415,314)	. <u>-</u>	(2,695,806)	. <u>-</u>	(3,520,565)	_	(3,168,043)
Net change in total OPEB liability		9,291,073		28,770,191		(14,362,642)		15,412,218
Total OPEB liability - beginning	-	95,626,503	. <u>-</u>	104,917,576	<u> </u>	133,687,767	_	119,325,125
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ ₌	104,917,576	\$	133,687,767	\$_	119,325,125	\$_	134,737,343
Covered-employee payroll	\$	25,451,767	\$	25,451,767	\$	26,294,220	\$	27,140,894
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		412.22%		525.26%		453.81%		496.44%

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Since 2017 was the first year for this presentation, ten years of data is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and therefore, is the only fund presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions if the Board approves them because of a need that exists that was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

The capital projects fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Other special revenue funds and the private purpose trust fund do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - FACTORS AFFECTING TRENDS IN OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND PENSIONS

A. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability of the pension systems is significantly dependent on the performance of the stock market and the funds that the retirement system invests in. The discount rate in effect at each measurement date is as follows:

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Year ended June 30:		
2020	7.10%	6.80%
2019	7.25%	7.00%
2018	7.25%	7.00%
2017	7.50%	7.00%
2016	8.00%	7.50%
2015	8.00%	7.50%

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

B. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, to pay OPEB benefits. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a discount rate each period which is used in the calculation of the postemployment liability. Factors in effect at each measurement date is as follows:

				Ultimate
	Discount	Salary	Inflation	Healthcare Cost
	Rate	Scale	Rate	Trend Rate
Year ended June 30:				
2020	2.48%	3.22%	2.20%	4.18%
2019	3.44%	3.36%	2.31%	4.32%
2018	3.61%	3.31%	2.37%	4.23%
2017	3.80%	3.31%	2.20%	4.23%







WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET- NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Debt Service	_	School Lunch	· ·	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	_	Total
ASSETS	_		_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	845,493	\$	38,856	\$	636,667	\$	1,521,016
Receivables		-		544		-		544
State and federal aid receivable		-		173,752		-		173,752
Inventory		-		36,363		-		36,363
Prepaid items	_	-	_	10,186	_			10,186
Total assets	\$_	845,493	\$_	259,701	\$_	636,667	\$_	1,741,861
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	31,733	\$	370	\$	32,103
Accrued liabilities		-		32,060		6,810		38,870
Due to other funds		-		225,144		38,671		263,815
Due to retirement systems		-		9,647		6,538		16,185
Due to other governments		-		1,243		-		1,243
Unearned revenue	_	-	_	43,785	_	3,220	_	47,005
Total liabilities			_	343,612	_	55,609	_	399,221
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		46,549		-		46,549
Assigned		845,493		(130,460)		581,058		1,296,091
Total fund balances	_	845,493	_	(83,911)	_	581,058	_	1,342,640
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	845,493	\$_	259,701	\$_	636,667	\$_	1,741,861

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Debt Service	School Lunch	 -	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	_	Total
REVENUES	•	4 505	70				4 507
Use of money and property	\$	1,525	\$ 72	\$	-	\$	1,597
Miscellaneous local sources		-	14,138		401,108		415,246
State sources		-	24,657		-		24,657
Federal sources		-	723,284		-		723,284
School lunch	-	-	385,066	_	-	-	385,066
Total revenues	_	1,525	1,147,217	_	401,108	-	1,549,850
EXPENDITURES							
General:							
Instruction		-	-		437,195		437,195
School lunch		-	1,128,515		-		1,128,515
Employee benefits	_	-	171,194	_	58,638	_	229,832
Total expenditures	_		1,299,709	_	495,833	-	1,795,542
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		1,525	(152,492)		(94,725)		(245,692)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Premium on BAN issuance		16,508	-		-		16,508
Interfund transfers in	_		21,829	_		_	21,829
Total other financing sources	_	16,508	21,829	_		-	38,337
Net change in fund balances		18,033	(130,663)		(94,725)		(207,355)
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	_	827,460	46,752	_	675,783	-	1,549,995
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$_	845,493	\$ (83,911)	\$_	581,058	\$	1,342,640

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET – GENERAL FUND AND REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Adopted Budget		Φ.	74 200 205
Additions: Encumbrances from prior year		\$ 	74,368,265 631,120
Original Budget			74,999,385
Budget Provision: Emergency electrical repairs			120,000
Final Budget		\$	75,119,385
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
2020-21 voter approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed		\$	75,440,052 3,017,603
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Ta	x Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	3,814,472 3,017,603 6,832,075		
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	2,666,300 1,148,172 3,814,472		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property	/Tax Law	\$	3,017,603
Actual percentage			4.00%

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		_	Capi	tal Expenditure	s	_		Methods of Fir	Transfer to	Fund		
Project Title	 Original Appropriations	Revised Appropriations	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Debt Service/ General Fund	Balance 06/30/20
Door Project	\$ 100,000 \$	100,000 \$	- \$	100,000 \$	100,000 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	100,000 \$	100,000	\$ - \$	-
Emergency Electric Project	120,000	120,000	-	67,213	67,213	52,787	-	-	120,000	120,000	-	52,787
Renewal Project	9,625,382	9,625,382	491,202	4,330,026	4,821,228	4,804,154	-	-	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	1,178,772
BOCES Capital Project	 1,827,338	1,827,338	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,827,338	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,827,338	1,827,338		1,827,338
Total	\$ 11,672,720 \$	11,672,720 \$	491,202 \$	4,497,239 \$	4,988,441 \$	6,684,279 \$	<u>-</u> \$	<u> </u>	8,047,338 \$	8,047,338	\$ <u> </u>	3,058,897

WEST IRONDEQUOIT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital assets, net	\$ 72,418,644
Add: Unpsent BAN proceeds	3,625,382
Less: Bonds payable Unamortized debt premium BANs payable	 (11,465,000) (93,976) (3,625,382)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 60,859,668









REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The President and Members of the Board of Education of West Irondequoit Central School District Rochester, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of West Irondequoit Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Batavia, New York

Freed Maxick CPAs, P.C.

September 17, 2020

